

# THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

DIXON, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, JULY 13, 1891.

NUMBER 2327

## OUR \$5,000 SURPLUS SALE

Dry Goods, Carpets, Wall Paper, Gents' and Ladies' Shoes

## CREAT SUCCESS

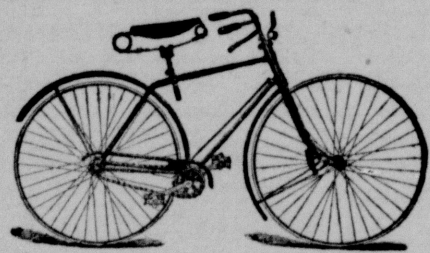
Many are buying for the future, there is money for you in so doing

**S. G. Austin & Co.**

## SAVE MONEY

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

**S. S. DODGE,**  
THE LEADING JEWELER.



AGENT FOR THE COLUMBIA!

## DELICIOUS DRINKS!

COOLING, CHEERING, CONSOLING, DELIGHTFULLY DISPENSED

In Silvery Streams!

From The Finest Fountain in Dixon.

All The Popular Drinks, Including Ice Cream Soda!

CALL AND SEE US

**TILLSON & HAYDEN'S**

DIXON MUSIC CO.

PIANOS, ORGANS, BICYCLES,  
PIANOS, ORGANS, BICYCLES,  
PIANOS, ORGANS, BICYCLES.

THE STANDARD SEWING MACHINE,  
THE STANDARD SEWING MACHINE,  
THE STANDARD SEWING MACHINE.

ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES, LARGEST STOCK, LOWEST PRICES, MOST FAVORABLE TERMS. NO MISREPRESENTATIONS. WE WANT YOUR TRADE AND WILL USE YOU RIGHT. CALL AND SEE US.

160 GALENA AVENUE.

—It is good for the corn and the ice dealers.

Johnnie, what is the matter with your eye. I looked in the box to see why the fire-crackers did not go off.

—Mrs. Andrew Hatch, residing three miles north of Dixon on the Pine Creek road, met with a painful accident Saturday evening while in the city shopping. As she was passing into Tillson & Hayden's drug store, the sidewalk and steps being wet, she slipped and broke her ankle. D. B. McKinney took her home in a carriage and a doctor was called. She suffered much pain.

The total gross income of the Church of England is a trifle over \$27,000,000 half of this is derived from ancient endowments, and strange to say, only \$284,000 has been contributed by private benefactors in the past eighty-eight years. Half of the amount of income is derived from tithes. Next comes rent of land. The church is rich in houses as well as in ground rents. Only fourteen arch-bishops see have been re-endowed.

—Notwithstanding that half a million or more of foreigners annually come to the United States from over the sea to make this country their home, there are probably fewer foreigners naturalized in our sister republic Mexico, than almost anywhere in the civilized world. According to a report just issued by the Mexican State Department, only 2,044 foreigners have become citizens in sixty-three years. More than half of these were Spaniards, and of the remainder 146 were Americans. It is worthy of note, however, that the majority of the letters of naturalization have been taken out since General Diaz became president, which affords a convincing proof of the increasing stability of Mexico under its efficient administration.

—Fred Fargo is in Lanark.

—J. L. Hess visited Amboy Sunday.

—Pearly Herrick drove down from Polo.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Young are in Chicago.

—Robt. Andres was down from Polo over Sunday.

—Will Kennedy, of Franklin, spent Sunday here.

—Mrs. Leonard started yesterday for a trip to Canada.

—Thos. Eustace drove to Oregon on business to-day.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Herrick spent Sunday in Franklin.

—Theo. Rust's new dwelling is being piped for city water.

—Louis Carney and Ralph Joynt went to Chicago this morning.

—Miss Madge Armstrong, of Ohio, has been visiting Mabel Walters.

—Will Reynolds is no longer in the Candy Kitchen with his father.

—W. B. Benlett, of Sterling, came to our city yesterday on his bicycle.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Attley of Polo spent Sunday with Dixon friends.

—P. M. Alexander departed this morning on a pleasure trip to New York.

—Mrs. L. G. Ridgley, of Galesburg, is visiting her mother, Mrs. B. F. Grover.

—Edward Lower and Maurice Barnheizer, of Polo, visited friends here Sunday.

—Mrs. J. E. Malone and two sons, of LaSalle, are visiting with relatives in our city.

—S. G. Austin & Co. and C. A. Ballou, dry goods merchants, have changes in their ads.

—Mrs. Jerome Bennett, from Paw Paw, is visiting her daughter Mrs. H. D. Phillips, of this city.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ryan, Louise Larkin Rose, and Nicholas Kronewitter drove to Sterling yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Yates, Son, Charlie, and friend, W. R. Dillon, spent Sunday with Polo friends.

—Misses Agnes Dolan and Neenah Hastings will give a graduating recital at the College this evening.

—Eddie Wixted, returned to his Chicago home to-day, after a pleasant visit with his aunt Miss Lou Reagan.

—Mrs. F. J. Persons, and daughter, of Omaha, are here to visit the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howell, north of this city.

—Henry B. Lubbe, of Quincy, salesman for Simmons Hardware Company of St. Louis, spent yesterday with R. L. Morton.

—H. C. Burrows, of Lancaster, Penn., has joined his wife for a visit here at her old home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Dimick.

—Will Fry, Jno. Walter, James Haeley, Dan Delaney, John Beedy, and W. J. Carpenter will spend a week near Grand DeTour camping out.

—C. H. Hughes has sold for Messrs. Andrus and Bardwell two lots in block nine, Parsons' addition. One to Belle Mead Hurley and other to Harriet J. Higley.

—C. P. Jackson while visiting in La Fayette, this State, his former home, mingled business with pleasure and took orders for twenty-five of Jesse Cunningham's patent feather mattresses.

Don't storm the system as you would a fort. If held by the enemy, constipation, gently persuade it to surrender with De Witt's Little Early Risers. These little pills are wonderful convicers. Sold by D. S. Horton.

People with impure blood may be said to exist, not live. Life is robbed of half its joys when the blood is loaded with impurities and disease. Correct this condition with De Witt's Sarsaparilla, it is reliable. Sold by D. S. Horton.

—A handsome sleeping car on the Chicago & Northwestern morning train is named Dixon.—TELEGRAPH.

Very appropriate name for a sleeping car.—Sterling Gazette.

We are pleased that it has had a cheerful effect upon you, neighbor.

—Mrs. Theo. Wilson and son Andrew and Miss Gertrude Eastwood, departed for Toronto, Canada this morning. Mrs. Wilson will visit with her sister for about six weeks and Miss Eastwood while there will attend the International Educational Convention.

—Eli Rosenthal is not a professional sailor. While returning from the Company G. camp at Myer's Island yesterday, he fell from the boat. It was near shore and he was easily rescued by Henry Dixon and George Greco. He was a damp companion for a drive home.

—Company G. boys and their friends, in all about thirty-five, greatly enjoyed yesterday at Myer's Island. Two colored cooks prepared and served a good dinner. No accidents happened and the "McKinley Bill" brought the soldier boys safely home to their mothers, sweethearts and wives.

—Samuel Shaw is again confined to his bed with poor health.

—Jacob M. Patrick arrived home Saturday evening to Sunday over with us.

—The Rev. Carnahan, at one time Pastor of the Baptist Church here, is in our city.

—The Dixon Music Co. speaks to its many patrons in its new "ad" of to-day's issue.

—Hon. Joseph Crawford is severely ill; has been confined to his bed for the past five days.

—The special feature at the Bee Hive is the "Great Discount Sale." Advertisement on last page.

—Wm. Harkins and wife, who are out from Chicago visiting his brother, James, took in Amboy yesterday.

—The Misses Julia and Gertrude Orvis entertained a small company at their home, corner Sixth and Galena avenue, Saturday evening.

—A Shetland colt was born last week on the farm of Hon. L. W. Mitchell that was less than twenty inches high and weighed twenty pounds.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McMartin, of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, are visiting the gentlemen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Finley McMartin, in North Dixon.

—Mrs. O. D. Fellows and children started this morning for a visit at their former home in Boston. Mr. Fellows accompanied them as far as Chicago.

—Contractor McAlpin will begin work this week on the new residence at Bluff Park for Lieutenant Augur and family. Both gentlemen went to Chicago this morning.

—Rev. D. F. Carnahan who was pastor of the Dixon Baptist Church 1874-77 addressed the Dixon Presbyterian, Baptist and Methodist churches yesterday; preached at the Lutheran church at night. He represents the American Educational Aid Association, a union society of which Rev. Mr. Van Arsdale, a Presbyterian minister, is general Superintendent. Its object is to find western children that are homeless and place them in families. In eight years 1649 have been placed—501 the past year. Several are in this region. Nice children are sent to approved families without expense for three months on trial.

Information can be had of the Local Board: J. H. Pratt, Dr. Blackman, Elias Bovey, Lizzie Shaw, Mrs. E. C. Smith, and A. J. Brubaker, Treasurer.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION IN DIXON.

Shall Druggists Sell Such Things as Rhu-barb Only, and Clothers be Estopped on Overcoat Traffic?

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

In the morning at nine o'clock almost opposite THE EVENING TELEGRAPH office the pastor, Rev. S. Earney, baptized three men by immersion in Rock river.

The rite was also administered in the church after the morning sermon to two candidates by sprinkling, and five persons were then received into full membership in the church.

The pastor preached in the evening from Isaiah 58:13-14, on the Sabbath question. Notwithstanding the extreme heat a large congregation was present and listened attentively to the discourse, which was much longer than the pastor usually preaches. While we are not able to print the sermon entire, we give the salient points. It has a local application which it will be well for our citizens to read.

The Reverend gentleman said he would not stop to consider any of the technical questions growing out of the Sabbath, but would dwell on the observance and use of the Sabbath. In view of the fact that the observance of the Sabbath is urged, may we not enquire upon what grounds it rests?

The observance of the Sabbath is urged because it is grounded in laws. There are many people who maintain a very respectful observance of the Sabbath because of this. Being entrenched in law they regard it as a patriotic duty to obey it. If they did not they would be classed as lawbreakers, and no true citizen desires to occupy that position. They have no special religious scruples on the subject, but they know it is both lawful and respectable to keep it and so they observe it. It was on this ground that General Grant refused to attend horse races on the Sabbath in Paris. He had been invited by President McMahon to do so, but replied by saying, that being an American citizen he could not accept the invitation, for the Sabbath was recognized by American law, and therefore he was in duty bound to observe it, though away from home. It is well for us that we have such an illustrious example of the true American spirit in its fidelity to law. Would it not be a good thing for the nation if Americans were as true to law at home as Grant was away from home? The Sabbath being buttressed by the law, we have no need of making apologies for its claims and observance. It becomes the duty of every right minded citizen to honor the law and to stand by it, even though it should not be in harmony with our private opinions. In-

(Local continued on page four)

## DO YOU INTEND TO PAINT

Or paper your houses, if so, drop in and price my wall paper, window shades and paints. Wholesale prices on a special line of goods that I am over-stocked on. Mixed paint at \$1.35 per gallon. Glass, putty, brushes, sponges, chamois, shoulder braces, trusses, drug gists' sundries, notions, and a thousand and one other articles kept in a first-class drug store. Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts filed with care by

W. D. DUFFIN,  
Registered Druggist, 3 doors north of P. O.

C. H. HUGHES,  
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

The Cuban Girl 5 cents at Eli's place Try them. 2215

Improved Order of Red Men's regular meeting night is adjourned until Friday evening, July 10, when the Chiefs will be raised up. 2312

10 cent value in the Cuban Girl 5 cent cigar at Eli's. 2215

Soft coal that burns as clear as wood is nice and Pitcher sells it.

An elegant line of men's shoes, Hand and Goodyear welts in calf, Kangaroo and Cordvans from \$3.50 up to \$6.00 just received at D. A. Fourn's. 2214

## PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Boys and girls, desiring to make up any studies or wishing to learn Penmanship or any other useful branches, will be admitted at the Dixon Business University, during June and July at reasonable rates. CHAS. STEINMANN, Pres.

## Real Estate and Loans.

Will you buy a lot?  
Will you sell a lot?  
Buy a house?  
Sell a house?  
Rent a house?  
Will you buy a farm?  
Will you sell a farm?  
Will you loan money?  
Do you want a loan?  
Will you insure your property?  
Call on me,

**Geo. C. Loveland.**

## Largest Stock

PIANOS, ORGANS,

Musical Merchandise,

Ever Shown in Dixon.

Call on us and try the A. B. Chase piano, even though you do not wish to buy anything.

**T. J. MILLER,**  
No 11, East First-st.

HERE WE ARE  
STILL AHEAD

Crushed Violet Soda.

IT IS A WINNER.

Try a Crushed Violet Milk Shake!

**D. S. HORTON,**  
DIXON, ILLINOIS

TO-MORROW

**BROWN BROTHERS,**

5,000 Yards Challie, 4c per Yard.

FAST COLORS.

SPECIAL SALE ALL NEXT WEEK.

SEE SMALL BILLS.

**BROWN BROS., Dixon.**

We Offer the Following

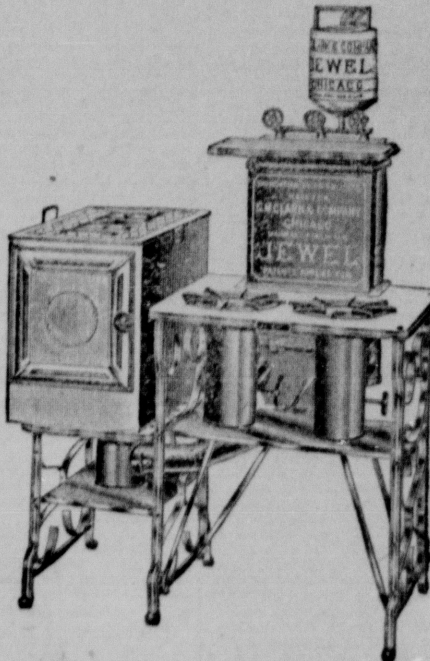
**CANNED GOODS**  
Until Goods are Entirely Sold.

|                                 |                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| 3 lbs. White Table Cherries     | \$2.90 per doz. |
| 3 lbs. Cal. Lemon Cling Peaches | 2.60 "          |
| 3 lbs. Cal. Green Gage Plums    | 1.70 "          |
| 3 lbs. Cal. Egg Plums           | 1.70 "          |
| 3 lbs. Peaches                  | 1.75 "          |
| 3 lbs. German Prunes            | 1.75 "          |
| Gallon cans Peeled Peaches      | .45c per can    |
| " " Egg Plums                   | .30c "          |
| " " Green Gage Plums            | .30c "          |

All goods warranted as represented and prices always as low as the lowest.

**J. H. Morris & Son.**

We have positively the best Gasoline Stove on the new process principle that is made



Our stock of Kitchen Hardware can not be surpassed.

**ALEXANDER & HOWELL,**

CALL AND GET A TICKET.

When you have traded \$25 of I. B. Countryman you will get one of

**W. L. Veley's Patent Improved Roaster and Baker,**

For Roasting, Baking and Steaming, free of charge. The most successful roaster invented. Be sure and ask for a ticket at

**I. B. COUNTRYMAN'S,**

## YOU WILL DO WELL

To Call and Examine the

ORIGINAL NEW PROCESS GASOLINE VAPOR STOVE

WITH THE CHARTER OAK WIRE CAUZE OVER!

It saves the weight and shrinkage; allowing the meat to be roasted in its own juices; retains its natural flavor and separates the fibers; makes it more nutritious; saves time and fuel; no basting, no odor in broiling meats.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

**E. A. BODWELL,**

THEODORE RUST,

The Jeweler, is the best place for

Watch, Clock and Jewelry

REPAIRING

Gold and Steel Spectacles Repaired!

GLASSES FITTED

And Adjusted to the eye

AT

**THEO. RUST, Jeweler,**

Main St., Van Epps Block.

DIXON, ILL., May 1, 1891.  
PRICES FOR ICE TO FAMILIES  
AND OFFICES.

All bills due on the 1st of the Month.

|                        |           |        |
|------------------------|-----------|--------|
| 15 lbs. 4 times a week | per week, | 45c    |
| 15 lbs. daily          | " "       | 70c    |
| 20 lbs. 6 times a week | per week, | 60c    |
| 25 lbs. 3 " "          | " "       | 70c    |
| 25 lbs. 6 " "          | " "       | 80c    |
| 50 lbs. 2 " "          | " "       | 40c    |
| 50 lbs. 3 " "          | " "       | 60c    |
| 100 lbs. 3 " "         | " "       | \$1.00 |

PRICES OF ICE TO BUSINESS PLACES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

|                                |              |     |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| 50 to 75 lbs., daily           | PER 100 LBS. | 40c |
| 100 lbs. at one time           | " "          | 30c |
| 125 lbs. (or over) at one time | " "          | 25c |

Subscribers furnish water to men who will wash ice and place it in box. Report carelessness or uncleanliness to  
DIXON ICE COMPANY.  
Office Rooms 9 and 10 Countryman Bldg.  
Telephone No., 76.



**CITY NATIONAL BANK.**  
**JOSEPH CRAWFORD, President.**  
**SAMUEL C. EELER, Cashier.**  
 This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewelry, etc.

**F. E. MORRIS.**  
**DENTIST.** All work warranted first-class. Office over G. D. Loring's, 119 Galena St.

**JAMES F. SANFORD.**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW.** Collections made and money loaned. Agent for leading fire insurance companies. Office in Union Block, Main street, Dixon, Ill.

**L. J. POLLOCK.**  
**DENTIST.** Opera Block, established in Dixon over twenty years. Full set of best teeth \$5.00; extracting 25cts. All fillings and operations much lower than present prices.

**JOHN M. JULIEN, Real Estate Agent.**  
 If you have a House, Lot, or any other Property to sell or exchange, list it with John M. Julien. Quick sales and small profits is our motto. For particulars call at my Barber Shop on Galena street, opposite Post Office.

**JOHN M. JULIEN, Dixon.**

**TO THE PUBLIC.**  
 Those wishing me to call with vegetables and fruits in season will please drop me a card or telephone.

**JOHN E. MOYER.**  
 23001

**FOR SALE**  
**A \$65.00 BICYCLE** (48 inch wheel) been used but one season for \$20.00 cash. Enquire of **TILLSON & HAYDEN.** 2311

**A REMINGTON TYPEWRITER** in first-class condition. Inquire of **WILLIS N. HILLS, 666 W. First-st.** 2307

**BICYCLES**—A good second-hand safety cheap; also new Victors and Credenclas with easy payments. **C. A. LUCAS.** 22901

**CORNER LOT** with good house, two blocks from court house, 100 feet front on Galena avenue. Inquire at this office.

**WOOD**—A lot of soft wood, price \$1.75 per cord on the ground at Hazelwood. Apply at the **MILK CO'S OFFICE.** 4911

**OR WILL EXCHANGE** for Dixon real estate, in Pasadena, Cal., a beautiful residence lot, 75x200 feet, rich land covered with orange and other fruit trees. For further information apply at this office. 143311

**MY MAGNIFICENT RESIDENCE** on West Third Street at a great bargain. While forced to advance the price to \$600.00 and will advance again if not sold soon. It is still a great bargain for the money having every modern improvement and convenience with the best location. If you want the finest equipped residence in the city for the money address owner, **G. L. BOSSEMEYER, 144311**

**CHICAGO LAWN LOTS.** Buy while the prices are low. Easy terms or trade for a good house in Dixon. Prospects and maps sent free.

**ROCKFORD SECURITY & INVESTMENT CO.**  
 S. Fletcher Weyburn, Mgr., Rockford, Ill. 241

**WANTED**  
 BY a middle aged gentleman, some good respectable lady to take charge of a pleasant home. Reference will be required. Giving address. Box 282, Franklin Grove, Ill. 2293

**ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT MEN** and boys for cutting department. Apply at **RIVERSIDE SHOE COMPANY.** 251

**GIRL**—Competent to do general house work. Apply to **MRS. JOSEPH CRAWFORD.** 2713

**GIRL**—Competent for general house work. Apply at 202 Ottawa Avenue. 2511

**FOR RENT**  
**A SIX ROOM HOUSE** in Dement town. MAY CAMPBELL. 251

**STORE ROOM**—well lighted, on First-st., opposite Express Office. Enquire of **D. S. Horton.** 171

**TENT** for camping purposes, six foot walls, easily accommodate six persons. **C. H. STACKEFOLK.**

**PRACTICAL NURSE.**  
 Mrs. Corey has returned and any persons in want of a nurse will call at 331 First-st. 2215

**BARCAINS.**  
 Our Chicago lots are still selling, and you can make money by buying of us. Write for maps, terms, etc. **ROCKFORD SECURITY AND INVESTMENT CO.** 23001

**BEER.**  
 In quart or pint bottles will be delivered to any part of the city from Keystone sample rooms. Telephone No. 74. 121

**NOTICE!**  
 To Farmers, Hotel and House Keepers.  
 Cash paid for tallow or refuse grease. Leave orders at Smith & Goodrich's meat market which will receive prompt attention.

**CHEATLE & BROOKE.**

**CHAS. MULKINS**  
 Paper Hanging and Painting  
 Dixon, Illinois.

**WE CALL ATTENTION TO OUR**  
 New and complete line of the very latest styles of  
**Vicunas, Tibets, Meltons, Chevots,**  
 and Kerseys, in all the Latest Shades!

**W** can show ten times as many styles as those who sell from stock. No goods kept over from one season to another, everything new. Correct Style and Good Fit.

**Wedding Outfits A Specialty!**  
**ED. CAHILL,**  
 No. 18 Galena Ave., up one flight.

## A DEADLY ERROR.

### Dreadful Disaster to Another Excursion Train.

**AN ENGINEER'S FATAL MISTAKE.**  
 It Results in the Horrible Death of Six Persons, with a Probability of Other Fatalities—The Victims Literally Cooked with Scalding Steam—A Wife's Pa-thectic but Vain Plea—Details of the Disaster—Only Three Persons Out of Twenty-Five Escape Injury.

**ASPEN, Colo., July 13.**—A horrible catastrophe occurred at Aspen Junction, on the Colorado Midland railway at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, that has killed many once happy homes in this beautiful valley with desolation and death. A collision occurred between a Midland locomotive and the hind coach of the Saturday night excursion train running between Aspen and Glenwood Springs. The coach load of people returning from the Springs, where a few pleasant hours had been spent, were suddenly plunged into all the horrors of a frightful railroad accident, which resulted in killing two people outright, inflicting fatal injuries upon five more, and severely scalding and burning many others.

**How the Accident Occurred.**  
 Engineer Switzer, of the excursion train, had run his train up to the water tank at the junction for water. When backing down to get on the main track line, a light engine shot out from the coal chutes, which are located in such a way as to conceal the engine tracks from view of coaches leading to the water tank. The engineer on the light engine, thinking he could get out before the excursion train, took the main track and made the attempt, but struck the rear coach of the excursion train at the switch. The force of the collision tore the check valve from the engine and poured scalding steam and water into the wrecked coach load of people.

**Cooked by the Scalding Steam.**  
 Then ensued a scene of terror impossible to describe. The passengers were at the mercy of the roaring, screeching monster at their side. Through the broken valve of the scalding steam and water poured out upon the helpless victims. Of the twenty-five passengers in the car three colored men who were in the forward compartment were the only ones injured. Conductor Miller with the train crew and the uninjured passengers immediately began the work of rescue. A 2-year old child of Mr. Frank Ellis, of Aspen, was taken out dead; Miss Annie Phelan, of Cardiff, died ten minutes after rescue. Mrs. Frank Ellis, Thomas O'Donnell, Miss Mary O'Donnell, James Leach, all of Aspen, and Mrs. A. B. Rogers, of Pratt, Kan., and Mrs. J. G. Baldwin, and Mrs. L. Willoughby, of Glenwood, were fearfully scalded and burned.

**Mrs. Willoughby's Plutful Plea.**  
 The injured and dead were placed in the baggage car and brought to this city, where all the physicians in the city were in attendance, and every possible aid was given to the injured. The victims' cries of agony were heartrending, and their scalded faces and arms and bodies were a sight to bring tears to the eyes of all who saw them. In spite of all efforts to save their lives, Mrs. Frank Ellis, Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. Willoughby died within two hours from the time of the wreck. Mrs. Rogers died at 5 o'clock yesterday morning and her husband at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. Willoughby were the most frightfully burned. The latter begged piteously to be kept alive until her husband could reach her. Of those still living, Miss Mary O'Donnell will die.

**Ten Others Badly Injured.**  
 Ten others whose names can not be learned were injured. It is thought that Mary O'Donnell's injuries will prove fatal, while a majority of the others are in serious condition. Mr. J. G. Baldwin, husband of the dead woman, is now in Chicago lying at the point of death. Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. Ellis were sisters. Mrs. Rogers was engaged on the Varney tunnel at Woody, Colo.

**Accosted for Robbing the Wounded.**  
 While the injured people were at Aspen Junction the person of Mrs. A. B. Rogers was robbed of a gold watch and chain, and also \$120 in money. There were also other robberies reported but not authenticated. With a warrant sworn out by R. A. Lora-ham before Judge Prentiss, Marshal Andy Sutton went to Aspen Junction and arrested G. K. Kuhn, a cook at the railroad eating house, charging him with the robbery. Marshal Sutton now has his prisoner in the county jail.

**The Prisoner's Explanation.**  
 He disclaims all knowledge of the money, but says that he was requested by Mrs. Rogers to take her pocket book from her dress and hand it to some one standing near whom she recognized, he could not reach. Kuhn claims that he held this, he turned the watch and some other trinkets over to the proprietor of the hotel, and disclaims all intention of robbery.

**The Dead May Number Twenty-Two.**  
 LATER—Thomas and Mary O'Donnell are now considered at point of death. Miss O'Donnell has not a particle of skin on her above her hips. Mr. O'Donnell's principal injuries are from inhaling scalding steam. It is also now reported that none of the injured can survive, the loss of cuticle and the shock to their nervous systems being too great. As but three of those in the car escaped injury those would bring the death roll up to twenty-two.

**Opposition to Civil Service Reform.**  
 NEW YORK, July 13.—Secretary Tracy while on his visit to the Brooklyn navy yard said that no report had been made to him by the civil service board which has been holding examinations at the Brooklyn yard. General Tracy also said that he had a more extensive plan of civil service reform in view, but that he could say nothing about it at present. He doubted even whether he would be able to do more than he has done. "There is so much opposition to every change," he said, "that one must move thoroughly and tried out as much as an ordinary man is capable of."

**Fatally Assaulted a Prison Guard.**  
 DES MOINES, Ia., July 13.—As Night Guard J. S. Outland was passing Jack Reynolds, an insane convict at the Anamosa penitentiary Saturday, Reynolds struck Outland with a hatchet, jumped upon him and beat him in a terribly manner. Assistant Deputy Passwater was also knocked down and badly beaten. Reynolds was finally overpowered and driven into a cell. Outland is fatally injured, and Passwater seriously hurt.

**THE CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY.**  
**The Good Work Goes on with Great Zeal—Sunday's Closing Proceedings.**  
 MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 13.—Yesterday was a great day for the Endeavors. Services began in the convention hall at 8:30 in the morning. President William H. Harper, of the University of Chicago, delivered an address. Adjournment was then taken to allow the delegates to attend the regular church services. The afternoon session was opened at 2:30 o'clock by the usual devotional exercises, after which an address on the "Young Man at Work," was delivered by Mr. Alonzo Stagg, of Springfield, Mass. He said that the young man was ready and willing to work, and he must be given work to do. In 1900 it was the young man upon whom the nation depended, and today it is the young men that Christ depends upon to do his work.

**Twelve Thousand Nickles Subscribed.**  
 Rev. A. A. Fulton of Canton, China, then arose and announced a Christian Endeavor scheme, which was for each member of the society in the house to give five cents to send Father Endeavor Clark around the world to extend the society all over the world—to make it international instead of international in its scope. He asked for those who were willing to contribute to this movement to rise. There were over 12,000 delegates in the hall and not one remained in his seat. This guaranteed \$600, the remainder to be raised outside. This was reconsidered as against the principles of the society in that it sent out a worker independent of church denominations. It was decided to send the money to the several missionary boards.

**Wants 16,000 Missionaries.**  
 Miss Margaret Leitch, of Jaffa, Ceylon, then spoke of the work of the missionary board, and asked for 16,000 missionaries from the society of Christian Endeavor and to be supported by them. There being 16,000 societies now in existence with 1,000,000 members gives an average of 600 members to each society. She pleaded for each society to send out and support one missionary. This brought the convention to the children's or junior endeavor's hour on the programme. The central sections of the main hall were cleared, and 800 children marched in singing "Onward Christian Soldiers," taking the places vacated for them. Mrs. Alice M. Scudder, of Jersey City, N. J., the originator of the Junior Endeavor movement, delivered an address on "The Child at Work."

**Iowa's Temperance Banner.**  
 John G. Wooley, of Boston, Mass., the noted temperance worker, then delivered an address on gospel temperance. His main idea was to take God into the temperance question. During a pause in his address a banner was carried out in full view of the immense audience bearing the inscription "Des Moines Soldiers," taking the places vacated for them. Mrs. Alice M. Scudder, of Jersey City, N. J., the originator of the Junior Endeavor movement, delivered an address on "The Child at Work."

**Closing Session of the Society.**  
 There were 15,000 people present at the closing session last night, and an overflow meeting in the street at 3:00. Resolutions were adopted calling upon the World's fair directory to keep the exposition closed Sunday; condemning intemperance, and demanding the suppression of the saloon and the prohibition of the power in parties and bodies of the world without a law. The elected president, together with a long list of vice presidents, the president addressed the convention, thanking the delegates for their zeal. Bishop Gilbert, of Minnesota (Episcopal), talked of enthusiasm, and then Rev. J. W. Chapman delivered the closing address. Devotional exercises followed, and the convention adjourned sine die.

**PARKERSON A VERSATILE GENIUS.**  
**He Can Lead a Mob or a Reform Party With Equal Facility.**

**NEW ORLEANS, June 13.**—A new political organization was formed here Wednesday night, known as the Municipal Reform Association of New Orleans. It is practically a reorganization, under a new name, of the Young Men's Democratic association which swept New Orleans at the last election, defeating the Democratic party by a large majority and electing the entire city government. It is led by W. S. Parkerson, who was at the head of the movement in the last campaign and who also led the mob in its assault on the parish prison on March 14. It proposes to be entirely non-partisan and to devote itself to city affairs, having nothing to do with state or national politics.

**Reformers Who Didn't Reform.**  
 At the meeting held to organize the new movement Mr. Parkerson and the other speakers admitted that many of the reformers who they elected to office three years ago had become corrupt, but they said they did not propose to give up the fight for reform on that account. They proposed to be nominated by the association will receive the support of the Republicans and of the anti-lottery Democrats in case the lottery wing controls the Democratic convention.

**Kansas Farmers Not Repudiators.**  
 TOPEKA, July 13.—The Kansas Alliance has formulated a plan for the payment and removal of farm mortgages, which will be of great value to the farmers of Kansas as well as to the capitalists of the east who loan the money. A committee consisting of A. P. Collins and P. J. Newell has been appointed to ascertain the number of mortgages on farms owned by Alliance men in Kansas, to lump them in whole and to go east and negotiate with one or more corporations or companies of capitalists for their renewal or payment at a low rate of interest.

**The Same Old Game.**  
 CARTHAGE, Mo., July 13.—A trio of confidence men have worked J. G. Jacobs, a farmer of this county, to the extent of \$3,000. It was the same old game, the men representing themselves as land speculators, and inducing Jacobs to join them. They insisted that he put up \$3,000, which he promised to do. Jacobs drew out \$3,000 and on his way home was met by a highwayman with a cocked revolver, who compelled him to hand over the money. The men escaped.

**Record Broken at Chicago.**  
 CHICAGO, July 13.—One record was broken at Washington Park Saturday and another had a close shave. In the mile heat race Guido ran in 1:41 1/4 at 1:41. The best previous record was a bounce ten years ago—1:42 and 1:41 1/4. In the 1 1/2 mile race Churchill Clark crossed the line in 2:34 1/2—only 1 1/2 seconds slower than the record. The other events developed nothing phenomenal.

## BLAINE'S ILLNESS.

### The Facts in the Matter Hard to Obtain.

**TALK WITH THE EMINENT INVALID**  
 His Own Alleged Statement of His Ailments—He Scouts the Report That He Is a Dying Man, and Considers Himself Good for Many Years Yet—His Eyes, Head, Back and Feet Affected—Nothing Wrong Except His Nerves—Cause of the Illness Overlooked.

**CHICAGO, July 13.**—Is Secretary Blaine gradually approaching the last of earth, and will he ever be able to resume his duties at the head of the state department? These are questions that are giving the newspapermen a lot of trouble to solve, and are causing much anxiety among Mr. Blaine's many friends all over the country. His doctor says there is nothing the matter with him but his nerves, and that he will get well. His wife says he does absolutely nothing in the way of state business, and does not even write a letter, and that she is anxious, but confidently hopeful. Every correspondent who goes to Bar Harbor has a different story told, and yet many of them agree in particulars that are, to say the least, not encouraging to Mr. Blaine's friends.

**The Premier's Alleged Remarks.**  
 Perhaps Mr. Blaine is as good authority upon the state of his own health as any one, and a telegram from New York purports to give his own words in an interview with a correspondent of The New York Evening Sun. This is what he is stated to have said, in reply to questions as to the truth of one report that represented him as a dying man: "I am not dying at all. I am not as strong as John L. Sullivan, but I am good for many years yet. As for being weak and exhausted that's all very true. I am seriously weak and I need rest, but that is no sign that I am a good subject for an undertaker. I don't eat much solid food because I don't have the desire for it. I like milk, eggs, plenty of butter and good bread and cheese. I don't walk much back on my feet. I feel the effects of exertion most in my back and head."

**Has His Carriage Filled With Pillows.**  
 "I drive almost all the time. I can enjoy myself best in a reclining position and that is why I have my carriage filled with pillows. I am not using my reasoning faculties any more than I can help. I am simply reading and resting. My eyesight troubles me a little. It came from too much writing and reading in Washington last winter. When I get into a business or an article I am bound to positively cannot leave off working until it is finished. I suppose I strained them, and with this attack I am just getting over, they have become weaker than usual. It is nothing serious, however, nothing that rest and plenty of sleep cannot cure. I wear a pair of glasses, and sometimes when the sun is bright a pair of blue goggles, but that is all. This symptom, my physicians state, has nothing to do with my bad turn of last week. That was wholly a nervous affair—a lassitude that crept over me. I would not rest myself in my system went back on me and obliged me."

**Troubled by His Head, Back and Feet.**  
 "I have steadily improved since I came here. My nerves have been toned up by the change and the laying aside of official labors. My head bothers me some, my back some and my feet are tender. I have suffered a little during the past few days from rheumatism, but I think that is owing to the state of the weather." Another dispatch from New York represents the premier as saying to a Press correspondent: "Tell my friends that I am not seriously ill. I am a little broken down, but an improving and I shall be at my old post soon again."

**A Chicago Tribune Special.**  
 The Chicago Tribune is a Blaine organ, and this is the substance of a special to that paper from Bar Harbor. Mr. Blaine said: "I am recovering my health quite rapidly, and why in the world I am quoted as saying I am weak and ill conditioned is amusing to me. I have been very ill. I had a slight attack of nervous dyspepsia, and am not quite recovered from it yet. My eyes are quite bad, my back is ailing, and my legs pain me. I have not lost volume in my voice, however, neither have I lost my hearing. I can hear as well as when I was a boy, and I don't know but what better, because I am keener."

**Lies Down a Good Deal.**  
 "I lie down a good deal, because a reclining position is easier for me and much more comfortable. I walk quite a good deal now, and find it pleasant and helpful exercise. It expands my lungs and gives me a clearer head. I think such reports are unkind—they are foolish, too, and I can not think of any people who would be likely to read them. As far as my eyesight is concerned, I feel perfectly safe, for although I am slightly nearsighted I am not blind, nor anywhere near it. My eyesight is good for many years yet."

**The Coachman Helps Him.**  
 "Do you have to be lifted into the carriage, as reported by the press?" "Perhaps I have been helped in the past. Not any more now than ever, though. It is quite customary for my coachman, who has been a long time in the family, to give me a lift into my victoria, which is rather high, with an uncomfortable step to climb. \* \* \* My sickness is the penalty I must pay for overwork at the capital. Toward the close of my stay there I was quite overcome at times by the pressure upon me. I should have stopped then, but I didn't. I kept up, and now I must rest."

**The President Wouldn't Talk.**  
 NEW YORK, July 13.—The World's Cape May correspondent telegraphs that he called upon the president Saturday and the following interview took place. The correspondent asked: "The paper are full of startling and conflicting statements about Mr. Blaine's health, and the whole country is agitated. Will you give me any information about it?" The president was silent for a moment. Then, stepping out upon the veranda, he exclaimed with emphasis which amounted almost to excitement: "You can't get any information from me about Mr. Blaine's health. The idea that I would say anything! Go to Bar Harbor if you want to learn the truth about him."

**Minister Lincoln Did Not Attend.**  
 LONDON, July 13.—United States Minister Lincoln was the only diplomat absent from the Gu'd hall on the occasion of the Kaiser's reception by the lord mayor. Friday night. Neither was he at the Prince of Wales' garden party.

## THE GIANTS AND THE COLTS.

### Sharp Fight for the Base Ball Pennant With New York Ahead.

**CHICAGO, July 13.**—Good playing and good luck made the Chicago base ball club so close to the New Yorkers that when the latter reached here last week the winning of one game was all that was needed to put the colts on top of the heap. They won it, and for twenty-four Uncle "Anse" wore a smile that could be seen by a man behind him. But the fates were "agin" the captain, and at sundown Saturday the classic features of the great base ball player were drawn out so long that his chin was on a level with his lower vest button. That little lead of one point had been wiped out and there was a matter of fourteen points recorded against the colts. It was bad, but it was destiny. The record stands as follows now:

| LEAGUE.    | W. | L. | P.  | PER CENT. | AMERICAN.    | W. | L. | P.  | PER CENT. |
|------------|----|----|-----|-----------|--------------|----|----|-----|-----------|
| New York   | 37 | 25 | 596 | 60        | Boston       | 46 | 25 | 647 | 64        |
| Chicago    | 36 | 28 | 582 | 58        | St. Louis    | 49 | 28 | 636 | 63        |
| Cleveland  | 35 | 30 | 564 | 56        | Baltimore    | 42 | 30 | 612 | 58        |
| Pittsburgh | 34 | 31 | 546 | 54        | Philadelphia | 41 | 31 | 603 | 57        |
| Brooklyn   | 33 | 32 | 528 | 52        | Cincinnati   | 40 | 32 | 594 | 56        |
| Cincinnati | 32 | 33 | 510 | 51        | Washington   | 39 | 33 | 581 | 55        |

| WESTERN.    | W. | L. | P.  | PER CENT. | ILL.-IA. L.G.E. | W. | L. | P.  | PER CENT. |
|-------------|----|----|-----|-----------|-----------------|----|----|-----|-----------|
| Omaha       | 42 | 23 | 452 | 65        | Quincy          | 35 | 19 | 648 | 65        |
| Minneapolis | 41 | 24 | 444 | 63        | Rockford        | 34 | 24 | 648 | 63        |
| St. Paul    | 40 | 25 | 436 | 62        | Joliet          | 33 | 25 | 648 | 62        |
| Kansas City | 39 | 26 | 428 | 61        | Ottawa          | 32 | 26 | 648 | 61        |
| Siox City   | 38 | 27 | 420 | 60        | Urbana          | 31 | 27 | 648 | 60        |
| Pittsburg   | 37 | 28 | 412 | 59        | Decatur         | 30 | 28 | 648 | 59        |
| Duluth      | 36 | 29 | 404 | 58        | Aurora          | 29 | 29 | 648 | 58        |

**Scores Made by the Experts.**  
 League club made the following scores Saturday: At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 11; Philadelphia, 0. At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 7; Boston, 3. At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Brooklyn, 4. At Chicago—Chicago, 6; New York, 16.

**Association:** At Boston—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 2. At Philadelphia—Athletic, 3; Cincinnati, 0. At Baltimore—Louisville, 5; Baltimore, 14. At Washington—Washington, 1; Columbus, 3.

**Western:** At Kansas City—Kansas City, 7; Denver, 3. At Sioux City—Minneapolis, 5; Sioux City, 4. At Omaha—Lincoln, 9; Omaha, 4. At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 9; Duluth, 4. (Sunday.) At Milwaukee—Duluth, 4; Milwaukee, 3. At Kansas City—Denver, 9; Kansas City, 13. At Omaha—(First game) Lincoln, 4; Omaha, 12; (second game) Lincoln, 1; Omaha, 4. At Sioux City—(First game) Minneapolis, 9; Sioux City, 6; (second game) Minneapolis, 3; Sioux City, 11.

**Illinois-Iowa:** At Joliet—Joliet, 6; Davenport, 5. At Rockford—Rockford, 9; Ottumwa, 6. At Ottawa—Ottawa, 9; Cedar Rapids, 8. (Sunday) at Rockford—Quincy, 3; Rockford, 1.

**GOMPERS AFTER POWDERLY AGAIN.**  
 The Federation to Compete with the Knights in the Feminine Field.

**NEW YORK, July 13.**—The American Federation of Labor contemplates organizing unions of women wage earners. As the Knights of Labor have had for some years a number of female organizers in the field forming unions of women wage earners in this city and Brooklyn the membership of which is to be counted by thousands, the intended organization by the American Federation of Labor is really another attack of the Federation upon the Knights of Labor. The latter have covered the ground pretty extensively. They have organized the Women Operative Shirt Makers, the Women Bookbinders and other female industries.

**What President Gompers Says.**  
 Samuel Gompers said: "The movement is intended for the better organization of women and girls, and to protect against the interference of people not in their trade. It is intended to give, when organized, the same kind of aid and protection that male wage earners connected with the American Federation of Labor now enjoy. I cannot give the names of the women organizers for certain other particulars. It would be inadvisable at present, and only tend to frustrate the purpose the federation has in view."

**THE "HOPPERGRASS" ABROAD.**  
 He Carries Eastern Colorado and Destroys Everything Green.

**TOPEKA, Kan., July 13.**—The reports of grasshoppers in eastern Colorado have been confirmed by an agent of The Democrat who has just arrived from that region. He found the first grasshoppers at Arriba, Col., where they were so thick that a man could not step without crushing many of them. The grasshoppers eaten down all gardens and fields in the vicinity were ruined.

**Eighteen Miles of the Prests.**  
 But little corn or wheat had been planted, but there was some sugar cane, which was stripped. Bovina, sixteen miles east of Limon junction, seemed to be the center of the column, which now extends south to Lugo on the Union Pacific and from four miles east to fourteen miles west. How far north they extended could not be ascertained.

**Says That Parnell Must Step Down.**  
 LONDON, July 13.—The Sun, T. P. O'Connor's new paper, has come out in a flatfooted denunciation of Parnell. This is a result of the Carlow verdict. The Sun has hitherto treated the factional trouble in Ireland very gingerly. It now declares that the future is dark and gloomy at best, but that at all events Parnell must be dropped, and an effort must be made to induce Dillon to lead the National party.

**Will Get Stambouloff Next Time.**  
 SOFIA, July 13.—Friday night some unknown persons inscribed upon the tombstone of M. Balcheff, the late minister of finance of Bulgaria, who was assassinated some months ago while walking in the street with Premier Stambouloff, the words: "Excuse us; we aimed at Stambouloff and struck you. The next time we shall not fail. Stambouloff can not discover the guilty parties; there are too many of us."

**Photography and Astronomy.**  
 WASHINGTON, July 13.—An important improvement in astronomical science is announced by the Georgetown college observatory. By means of photography, a star is caused to record with perfect accuracy the time of its own transit across the meridian, thus dispensing with the observer and eliminating all personal error.

**Customs Duties Continue to Fall Off.**  
 WASHINGTON, July 13.—The receipts from custom duties at New York continue to show a heavy falling off, as compared with last year, the payments being for the first ten days of July, 1891, \$3,342,976; July, 1890, \$4,942,208.

## NOW IT IS NICOLAY.

### Lincoln's Secretary Comes Back at McClure.

**NOT INCLINED TO BE "DISMISSED."**  
 Nor to Let the Colonel "Retreat Under a Cloud of Vituperation"—The Argument Up to Date Presented as the Biographer Sees It, and All the Evidence Gathers Over Terribly and Vigorously—Retraction of the Charge That the Colonel's Assertions Discredit Lincoln.

**WASHINGTON, July 13.**—Mr. Nicolay, prints the following in response to Colonel McClure's open letter: "I will not allow you to retreat in a cloud of vituperation from full conviction of having made a misstatement of history. I need only to sum up the points of evidence. You allege that Mr. Lincoln called and in instructed you to oppose Hamlin and nominate Johnson."

"This is proved to be a misstatement by Lincoln's written words. 'I wish not to interfere about vice president. Cannot interfere about vice president. Convention must judge for itself.' It is not a question between your assertion, and my assertion, but between your assertion and Lincoln's written word."

**Quoting the Illinois Chairman.**  
 "It is proved to be a misstatement by the testimony of B. C. Cook, of the Illinois delegation, who says: 'Mr. Nicolay's statement that Mr. Lincoln was in favor of Hannibal Hamlin is correct. The dispatch, which is published this morning, was sent to me in reply to an inquiry to Mr. Lincoln in regard to the matter. It read: 'I wish not to interfere about vice president. Cannot interfere about vice president. Convention must judge for itself.' I went to see Mr. Lincoln personally, however. There are a ways men who say the presidential candidate prefers this man or that, and they do with not the slightest authority. It was so in this campaign. It was reported that Andrew Johnson was Mr. Lincoln's choice and it was my business to find out whether he was or was not. We were beyond all measure for Mr. Lincoln. In first, last, and for all time. If he desired Mr. Johnson he would have been our choice, but he did not. As the dispatch indicates, Mr. Lincoln was particularly anxious not to make known his preferences on the question of his associate on the ticket. But that he had a preference I positively know. At my interview with him I was as positive that Hannibal Hamlin was his favorite as I am that I am alive to-day. The fact is further proven by the action of the entire Illinois delegation, which was a unit for Mr. Hamlin, and, as I stated before, we were at his service in the matter."

**Confirmed by Hay and Cameron.**  
 "It is proved to be a misstatement by Colonel Hay, who says: 'I have nothing to say about Mr. Nicolay's assertion or about this telegram, but I do corroborate the statement that Mr. Lincoln withheld all opinion calculated to influence the Baltimore convention of 1864,' and further: 'I stand simply by the proposition contained in our history. \* \* \* For several days before the convention the president was besieged by inquiries as to his personal wishes in regard to his associate on the ticket. He had persistently refused to give the slightest intimation of such wish. \* \* \* It was therefore with minds absolutely untrammelled by any knowledge of the president's wishes that the convention went about the work of selecting his associate on the ticket.'"

"It is proved to be a misstatement by the action of Simon Cameron, chairman of the Pennsylvania delegation, in nominating Hamlin as a candidate for vice president, and casting for him the whole fifty-two votes of the Pennsylvania delegation."

**Reflections on the Editor.**  
 "It is proved to be a misstatement by your own action in the Baltimore convention, when at the first vote for vice president, after the supposed instructions which you claim to have received from Lincoln, and having as you say 'returned to work and vote for Johnson,' you as a member of the Pennsylvania delegation voted for vice president. If you did this willingly you betrayed Lincoln's confidence and instructions which you allege to have received. If you did it unwillingly you proved your self a political pharisee—a pretended agent to manipulate a nation's convention who had no influence enough in his own delegation to control his own vote. The first roll-call was decisive in showing Johnson's strength against the Pennsylvania vote (yourself included), and it shows that you contributed nothing for, but everything against, the result you say you were commissioned to bring about. Subsequent changes, still on the first ballot (for there was no second), we simply the usual rush to make the choice unanimous, in which Pennsylvania did not lead, but only joined after the rush became evident, just as Maine and Illinois did."

**What Ex-Collector Robertson Knows.**  
 NEW YORK, July 13.—Ex-Collector Robertson, who was one of the delegates to the convention which nominated Lincoln and Johnson, was met by a reporter in White Plains and asked if he could throw any light on the controversy concerning Lincoln's choice for a candidate for vice president on the ticket with him. He said the New York delegation was strongly for Johnson, because they thought it a good thing to take up a war Democrat. He said: "I called on President Lincoln with my delegation to pay our respects, but the president did not intimate who his choice was or influence us in any way. I do not know personally whom he preferred."

**A Philadelphia Editor's Opinion.**  
 PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—An editor who was near to Forney during the period when Forney's two newspapers were Lincoln administration organs,



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Refrigerators and Ice Chests.

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C. H. KEYES

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AND A FEW VERY CHEAP!

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NEW

Steam Boat!

"McKINLEY BILL"

Will carry 10 to 15 passengers at 4cts per  
mile as far as Grand Detour on week  
days; no runs further than Seven Mile  
Branch on Sundays

Evening Excursions Will Be Run

later, of which due notice will be given.

15 or more passengers at 8cts per mile.  
Grand Detour 12 miles; Branch 7 miles;  
Truman's 5 miles; Fuller's Cave and Park  
9 miles. Stops made at all points of  
interest.

DIXON BOAT CO.

Orders left at Tillson & Hayden's Drug Store

## MICHIGAN WOODS AFLAME.

An Unbroken Line of Fire for 212 Miles—  
The Country Devastated.  
St. Ignace, Mich., July 13.—From here to  
Marquette, 213 miles, there is almost  
an unbroken line of fire, which is wiping  
out everything from the small brush and  
solitary settlers' cabin to the big woods  
and hamlets. No rain has fallen in three  
months and the country is in about the  
same condition as in 1873, when the fires  
devastated everything. No loss of life  
has been reported.

Every House Swept Away.

ESCANABA, July 13.—The forest fires  
which have raged here for three days are  
devastating the country for miles around.  
In the township of Baydenne every house  
has been swept away. Rumors from  
further inland are to the effect that many  
of the smaller hamlets are gone.

A Furnace of Blazing Wood.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 13.—  
Early last week a small brush fire broke  
out in Detour, on the shore of Lake Hu-  
ron, and has since spread unchecked until  
the whole western part of the country  
from Lake Huron to Lake Superior is a  
furnace of blazing wood. The village of  
Detour has been totally destroyed, as has  
also the small hamlet of Prentiss Bay.  
Meager reports from Gatesville, Iroquois,  
Dundonald and Stevensburg indicate that  
these towns have been destroyed by the  
fire to the last building.

The Town of Bay Mills Doomed.

A late telegram from Bay Mills, on the  
Lake Superior shore, says that nothing  
can save that place and the two largest  
mills in the state, those of the Hall &  
Munson Co. The people have placed all  
their moveable goods in boats. Owing to  
the dense mass of stifling smoke which  
hangs over the city and River St. Mary,  
navigation is closed.

Rain fell in the region yesterday and it  
is hoped that the fires have been subdued.

DISCOVERED A NEW CAVE.

Something That Rivals the Celebrated  
Mammoth Cave of Kentucky.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—The Examiner  
announces the discovery of an enormous  
cavern in Josephine county, Oregon,  
about twelve miles north of the Cali-  
fornia line and about forty miles from  
the coast. An exploring party recently  
entered the cave. Many of the passages  
within the cave are described as of great  
beauty, containing giant semi-transparent  
stalactites, milk white pillars, and pools  
and streams of pure clear water. A  
creek flows from the main opening to the  
cave and it was here that the party en-  
tered. They spent a week in exploring  
the cave and found innumerable passages  
and chambers, and several miles from the  
entrance they discovered a small lake of  
clear water and a waterfall of thirty feet  
in height.

Grotesque Figures Abound.

All kinds of grotesque figures were  
found in various chambers. Large num-  
bers of flash-light photographs were taken.  
The only sign of any animal life was  
found a short distance from the entrance  
where a few bones indicated that bears  
had used it for a lair and had carried their  
prey there. The cavern appeared to be  
fully as large as the Mammoth cave in  
Kentucky.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS

The cholera is extending in southern  
Syria. Hundreds of deaths have oc-  
curred.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has concluded to  
permit the removal of her husband's  
remains to Richmond, Va.

J. R. Dilworth, a prominent cattle man  
of Montana, was killed during a quarrel  
Friday by George Demer.

Jay Gould is in quarters on his son  
George's estate in the Catskills. He is  
accompanied by a physician.

The Lyon County National bank of  
Marshall, Minn., capital \$50,000, has been  
authorized to begin business.

The population of Wyoming according  
to the eleventh census is 60,705, an in-  
crease of over 192 per cent. since 1880.

The crop prospects in the provinces of  
Bengal, Assam and Burmah, India, are  
good. Elsewhere the rainfall has been de-  
fective and the distress is increasing.

State Treasurer Noland, of Wisconsin,  
who robbed the state of \$23,000, has been  
found guilty and sentenced to two years  
in the penitentiary.

The son of the colored Virginia Con-  
gressman John M. Langston has been ar-  
rested at Washington and sent to New  
York on a charge of abduction of a young  
white woman.

The White House people at Cape May  
Point Saturday celebrated the third an-  
niversary of the birth of May Lodge Mc-  
Kee, by launching a miniature boat,  
which was named "B. H. McKee."

An effort was made last week to arrange  
a race in which Tenny, Louitaka, Ten  
Tray, and other flyers should appear, but  
the owner of Tenny has refused to go in.  
There may yet be a race with Tenny left  
out.

The carpenters, plumbers, electricians  
and stone-masons of Pittsburgh, having  
lost a strike that has cost them nine  
weeks of idleness, have disrupted the  
building trades council, the most im-  
portant labor organization in the city.

The total assets of the Keystone bank of  
Philadelphia are \$1,795,511.41 of which  
\$575,656.02 are estimated good and the  
remainder doubtful and worthless. The  
liabilities, excluding the \$925,000 in which  
Burdette was interested, are \$1,785,577.25.

Coroner Levy, of New York, says he  
will have the body of Smiler, who was  
executed last week by electricity, ex-  
humed, hold an inquest, and settle for  
good the question whether the body was  
burned or scalded. He proposes to bring  
out all the facts of the execution.

After Kaiser Wilhelm had sent the  
British volunteers on Wednesday at  
Common Thursday, he said he could not  
stand Waterloo. He was the guest of  
Lord Salisbury.

Governor Campbell, of Ohio, has his  
renomination assured. He has 130  
vote delegates that he needs.

Kansas Democratic editors have deter-  
mined to advocate free silver with one  
voice.

The Weather We May Expect.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The following  
are the weather indications for twenty-four hours  
from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Iowa—Light  
showers; slightly cooler weather except  
stationary temperature in southeast portion;  
winds becoming northwest-ly. For Indiana—  
Michigan—Fair weather, except showers on  
Lake Michigan; stationary temperature;  
southerly winds. For Upper Michigan and  
Wisconsin—Showers; slightly cooler weather,  
except stationary temperature in eastern  
Michigan; southerly winds. For Indiana—  
Generally fair weather; continued high tem-  
perature; southerly winds. For Illinois—Gen-  
erally fair weather; continued high tempera-  
ture, except light showers and slightly cooler  
in extreme north; southerly winds.

## SIX O'CLOCK WITH THE POLICE.

A View of the Ceremony of Sending  
Them Out for Their Night Work.

A very interesting ceremony, with a  
flavor of military discipline about it,  
takes place at 6 o'clock every evening  
in every police station in the city. It  
is known as roll call, and precedes the  
departure of the relief forces to their  
all night posts. Usually the doors of  
the police station are locked during its  
brief continuance, visitors being re-  
quested to stand outside until it is over.  
A good sample roll call was seen in  
Captain Cross' station house a few  
evenings ago.

The minute hand just lacked of the  
hour when the tramp of marching men  
was heard, and a column of policemen,  
two abreast, with a roundsman in com-  
mand, emerged from the back room.  
Their clubs hung at their sides, their  
shoulders were thrown back, and they  
carried themselves erect and with dig-  
nity. They faced about in double  
rank in front of the desk behind which  
sat the captain and the sergeant in  
charge. At an order from the rounds-  
man they opened ranks so as to permit  
of inspection, and crossed clubs over  
their chests. Then the roundsman  
passed down the front rank and in  
front of the second and back behind it,  
inspecting the uniforms and equip-  
ments. Returning to his position in  
front he saluted the captain. Captain  
Cross then opened the roll book and  
called the roll. Then he rapidly read  
the night assignments, designating the  
posts by number and the men who  
were to occupy them by name. Then  
he doubled the force on several posts  
and assigned several men to special  
duties. He asked:

"On whose post is 500 Eighth av-  
enue?"

"Mine, sir," spoke out a policeman.  
"Here is a subpoena from the cor-  
oner's office to be served at that address.  
I think there is a mistake, and the per-  
son lives at 500 Ninth avenue. Try at  
both places if necessary. Jones, 277  
West Thirty-seventh street, is on your  
post. I have a complaint here from the  
lady living there that boys injure her  
shrubbery. Keep special watch on that  
house."

"Here is a general alarm sent out for  
a lost boy whose description I will read  
later. All of you keep an eye sharp  
open for boys answering to it. Another  
general alarm is out for a stolen catboat,  
sixteen feet long, painted white. Men  
on river front posts, take special note of  
all catboats. McQuade, you were or-  
dered yesterday to buy a new hat. Have  
you done it?"

"Yes, sir," answered a policeman.  
"When did you do it?" asked the  
captain, glancing sharply at the list of  
day assignments.  
"This morning, sir."

"Very good. Jackson, have you  
bought your hat yet?"

"No, sir."

"Why not?"

"I didn't have time to go down town,  
sir."

"But I didn't think of it then, sir."

"Be careful that you think of it to-  
morrow. Sinclair, your hat?"

"I'll buy it tomorrow, sir."

"You'd better," said the captain,  
looking up significantly, while several  
policemen, who had been loitering jovial-  
ly at the delinquent Sinclair, straight-  
ened their faces just in time to escape  
being caught.

"Attention!" said the captain. The  
men straightened up.

"Forward, march!"

The patrolmen led the line complet-  
ely around the room to the rear and  
straight out the door, which the door-  
keeper had meantime opened. They  
were a fine looking squad of men. They  
were well brushed and neat, their new-  
ly blackened shoes shone, and their  
bearing was erect and soldierly.—New  
York Sun.

The Indian with a Bow and Arrow.

"The traditional bow and arrow of  
the American Indian," said a western-  
er, "are things of the past. The aver-  
age Indian of today is about as skillful  
with a bow and arrow as a six-year-old  
boy is with a toy pistol. It's very funny  
to see easterners when they are travel-  
ing out west get Indians to show them  
how they use their old time weapons.  
The Indian's favorite way of exhibiting  
his skill is to shoot at a quarter or half  
a dollar stuck in a split stick. The  
money of course comes out of the po-  
cket of the eastern man and the noble  
red man will shoot at it from a dis-  
tance of a dozen steps and miss it  
with the most monotonous regularity.  
As the small boy would say, he can't  
shoot a little bit. His weapons nowa-  
days are adopted from the white man."  
—New York Tribune.

The Big Reservoir.

The oceans and seas are the great  
reservoirs into which run all the rivers  
of the world. It is the cistern which  
finally catches all the rain that falls  
not only upon its own surface but upon  
the surface of the land as well. All of  
this water is removed again by evapora-  
tion as fast as it is supplied, it being es-  
timated that every year a layer of the  
entire water surface of the globe, over  
fourteen feet thick, is taken up into the  
clouds to fall again as rain.

This vapor is fresh, of course; and if  
all the water of the oceans could be re-  
moved in the same way, and none of it  
returned, it is calculated that there  
would be a layer of pure salt 230 feet  
thick left in the bottoms of these great  
reservoirs. This is upon the supposi-  
tion that each three feet of ocean water  
contains one inch of salt, and that the  
average depth of all oceans is three  
miles.—St. Louis Republic.

## FRANKS OF SCHOOLBOYS.

Demonstrations Which Enliven the Spring  
Terms at Phillips Exeter.

Many and peculiar are the customs  
and demonstrations which enliven the  
spring term at Phillips Exeter, in which  
an exuberance of youthful spirits, class  
feeling and school enthusiasm find full  
vent.

Surmounting the town hall, which is  
of itself a building of no slight height,  
is a towering dome, upon which stands  
a colossal statue of justice. One night  
in 1883 two daring spirits, at the im-  
minent peril of life and limb, contrived to  
reach the goddess, and gorgeously ar-  
rayed her. The feat was a nine days'  
wonder, and those who achieved it  
won for themselves and their class no  
slight degree of fame.

This was the beginning of a series of  
contests, in which each class strives to  
plant some emblem on the dizziest  
height attainable, and to resist all ef-  
forts to remove it. Doughty and fre-  
quent have been the struggles thus en-  
gendered, but with rare exceptions they  
have been waged in good natured, if  
intense, rivalry. The vantage point  
has generally been the tower of the  
school edifice, but twice has the town's  
statue of justice been tampered with,  
and at rare intervals a globe that towers  
above the edifice of Robinson Female  
seminary has borne evidences of student  
visits.

But perhaps the most remarkable,  
and at least the most attractive of all  
demonstrations, is the bonfire which  
enlivens the last Monday morning of  
the school year. As Sunday evening  
wears on students, garbed in the queer-  
est and most fantastic apparel that can  
be devised, gather in knots upon the  
streets. Cordwood, tar barrels and  
other inflammables are piled high, and  
every preparation is made. Promptly  
at the last stroke of the midnight bell  
the pile is kindled.

About it, in concentric circles, is  
gathered the entire school, who whirl  
and dance in the din of cheers, shouts,  
horns, crackers and cannon until forced  
to desist by sheer exhaustion. A dis-  
play of fireworks lends attractiveness  
to the demonstration. Soon a pro-  
cession is formed, and to the music of  
drums, fifes and horns, the boys go the  
rounds of the professors' homes, cheer-  
ing and clamoring for a speech, which  
is generally given.

This demonstration of 1885 will not  
soon be forgotten in student annals.  
The fire had been held in the academy  
yard, and the police authorities of the  
town had given out that no demon-  
strations in the streets would be permitted.

This mandate was unheeded, and the  
result was a sanguinary conflict be-  
tween the school and the police, of  
which a large force of specials had been  
sworn in. All night the tide of battle  
surged furiously, with wavering results.  
Morning brought a truce, eagerly wel-  
comed by both sides. Black eyes and  
swollen heads were many, but, strange  
to say, no one on either side was seri-  
ously hurt. This was indeed remark-  
able, as clubs and billies had been freely  
used. Several students were arrest-  
ed, but suffered little for defying the  
majesty of the law.

Not often have the boys gone to very  
great excess in the way of mischief,  
but there have been occasional acts of  
vandalism, not by the school as a body,  
but by individuals. One took place  
thirteen years ago, when the residence  
of a clergyman, who had made public  
remarks deemed by the students un-  
called for and derogatory to student  
character, was egged.—Exeter (N. H.)  
Cor. Boston Globe.

Dangerous Vegetables.

It may be a superfluous task to paint  
the lily or to gild refined gold, but the  
regreoning of vegetables has assumed  
the proportions of a gigantic industry,  
which has its headquarters in France,  
gives employment to 20,000 persons,  
and represents a business of 40,000,000  
francs. "Nine-tenths, at least, of the  
green preserved vegetables sold in  
France or abroad are said to be re-  
greeneed with sulphate of copper in or-  
der to give them the appearance of  
freshness.

The Glasgow health committee have  
decided that, as the French government  
have annulled their regreoning prohibi-  
tion, it remains for consumers to take  
care of themselves. "A foolish British  
public," says the Glasgow report, "ex-  
pects to get green peas at Christmas  
such as it gets from the market gardens  
in summer. The French manufacturer  
makes them to suit this whim. The  
consequence is that it eats stale peas  
regreeneed with sulphate of copper all the  
year round."

A curious fact is said to be that the  
largest sale of preserved peas takes  
place in that period of the year when  
fresh peas are in season.—Newcastle  
(England) Chronicle.

Wishes That Come True.

The moon is believed to possess great  
power as a medium of the fates. The  
new moon, if seen first over the left  
shoulder, will bring any wish true if  
made then and there, looking through  
a plain gold ring; but to see the new  
moon first through the trees means cer-  
tain misfortune of some sort. A wish  
made at the sight of a load of hay will  
come true, so the school girls say; and  
little children whisper their wishes to  
the thistle down, then blow it into the  
air to look for Santa Claus.—Detroit  
Free Press.

A Plausible Explanation.

Miss Calumet—Why is it that you  
New York men always cease your  
trousers?

Clevertown—They offer less resistance  
to the winds and we can get around  
faster.—Clothier and Furnisher.

There is more catarrh in this section of  
the country than all other diseases put to-  
gether, and until the last few years was  
supposed to be incurable. For a great  
many years doctors pronounced it a local  
disease, and prescribed local remedies,  
and by constantly failing to cure with lo-  
cal treatment, pronounced it incurable.  
Science has proven catarrh to be a con-  
stitutional disease, and therefore requires  
constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh  
Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co.,  
Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional  
cure on the market. It is taken internally  
in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful.  
It acts directly upon the blood and mu-  
cous surfaces of the system. They offer  
one hundred dollars for any case it fails  
to cure. Send for circulars and testimo-  
nials. Address,  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

## GOOD SENSE

Half the kidney trouble in the  
world begins in the summer time  
and in the hottest weather.  
Why? Because the people swal-  
low enormous quantities of ice  
water. The result is that the  
kidneys are chilled and congestion  
sets in. If this be neglected it  
soon develops into a serious matter  
and finally saps the life of the suffer-  
er. Take Reid's German  
Cough and Kidney Cure for this  
will relieve you at once. It acts  
as a gentle stimulant to the kid-  
neys and enables them to resume  
their normal functions. Thou-  
sands of people have been benefited  
by this great remedy and have  
by its use been returned to a con-  
dition of perfect health. There  
is no necessity of dragging out a  
miserable existence when you  
can be relieved by so simple a  
plan. It contains no poison. For  
sale by all druggists, 25 and 50  
cents a bottle.

SYLVAN REMEDY Co.

Sole Manufacturers,  
Peoria, Ills.



A woman's aim  
is to look her best—but she'll  
never reach it without perfect  
health. For perfect health,  
take Dr. Pierce's Favorite  
Prescription. All the func-  
tional irregularities and weak-  
nesses that make life misera-  
ble to women, are cured by it.  
It's a powerful, invigorating  
tonic, and a soothing and  
strengthening nerve—purely  
vegetable, perfectly harmless.  
For ulcerations, displacements,  
bearing-down sensations, un-  
natural discharges—every-  
thing that's known as a "fe-  
male complaint"—it's a posi-  
tive remedy. It's the only  
one that's guaranteed to give  
satisfaction in every case. It  
costs you nothing, unless it  
helps you. You can afford to  
try it, on these terms. Can  
you afford to neglect it?

ARE WE  
Right  
or  
Wrong?

A Shoe Dressing must restore the bril-  
liancy of a worn shoe, and at the same time  
preserve the softness of the leather.

LADIES will the Dressing you are  
using do both? Try it!

Four a dessert spoonful of your Dressing  
into a saucer or butter plate, set it aside for  
a few days, and it will dry to a substance  
as hard and brittle as crushed glass. Can  
such a Dressing be good for leather?

Wolff's ACME Blacking  
will stand this test and dry as a thin, oily  
film which is as flexible as rubber.

25 Dollars worth of New Furniture for  
25 Cents. HOW? By painting  
25 square feet of Old Furniture with

PIK-RON

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Phila.

927 North Front Street, PHILADELPHIA.

They Get There

Just the same.

AND SO DOES



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MAP OF CHICAGO.  
SHOWING LOCA-  
TION OF "WEST WAYS."  
houses already built and 1,500 men already employ-  
ed in the factories. 41 trains daily. Lots 26 4-10x125, \$200 and up- \$25 cash and  
\$5 monthly. No discount for cash. Reference, Fort Dearborn National Bank, Chicago.  
S. M. BLOSS & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.,  
Chicago, Illinois.

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FLOUR AND FEED  
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Telephone 52.

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Having secured the services of an ex-  
perienced Laundryman guarantee  
FIRST-CLASS WORK.

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Family wash, . . . . . 35cts per dozen  
Rough dry, . . . . . 4cts per pound

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## **EVENING TELEGRAPH**

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Delivered by Carriers for Ten Cents per week

## **R. R. TIME TABLE.**

### **CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.**

#### **TRAINS GOING WEST.**

No 1 Overland Limited ..... A..... 1:50 a m  
 No 7 Pacific Express ..... A..... 3:09 a m  
 No 11 Sterling Passenger ..... C..... 12:28 p m  
 No 8 Omaha Express ..... C..... 3:48 p m  
 No 9 Sterling Passenger ..... C..... 7:39 p m  
 No 5 Denver Limited ..... C..... 8:55 p m

#### **TRAINS GOING EAST.**

No 8 Atlantic Express ..... A..... 3:10 a m  
 No 6 Denver Limited ..... A..... 5:30 a m  
 No 10 Sterling Passenger ..... C..... 6:47 a m  
 No 2 Overland Limited ..... A..... 10:59 a m  
 No 4 Chicago Express ..... C..... 10:46 a m  
 No 12 Clinton Passenger ..... C..... 2:22 p m

\* Daily.  
 \* C Daily except Sunday.  
 F. L. MURRAY, Agent.

### **ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.**

#### **GOING SOUTH.**

Passenger ..... 11:18 a m  
 Passenger ..... 3:10 a m  
 Freight Passenger ..... 2:10 p m  
 LaSalle ..... 6:00 p m

#### **GOING NORTH.**

Passenger ..... 9:58 a m  
 LaSalle Passenger ..... 3:10 a m  
 Passenger ..... 2:50 p m  
 Freight ..... 8:15 p m

\* Daily except Sunday.  
 \* Daily except Monday.

The trains at the North Dixon depot are five minutes later going north and that time earlier going south.

C. G. ALBRIGHT, Agent.

## **A Special Offer!**

One hundred dozen ladies' sheer hem-stitched and drawn work handkerchiefs, worth from 10 to 20 cents each, during this sale 5 cents. Quantity limited to each customer.

Gloria and all silk Sun Umbrellas, we offer our entire stock at greatly reduced prices; at 85c., \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.98.

Ladies' black silk Mitts, any length you wish, we have marked them way down to reduced stock.

We have a large variety of patterns in cutting cloth and tennis flannel, very desirable for gents' shirts and blouse waists, best quality, reduced to 10 and 12 1/2 cents a yard.

## **STERN BROS.,**

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

(Local Continued from first page.)

Individual views must not be allowed to clash with the law that guards the public good. There is now, I understand, before the council of this city a petition, signed by several citizens and business men, requesting the council to pass an ordinance for the closing of business places on the Sabbath day. That there should be any hesitancy on the part of the council passing such an ordinance seems strange. It would be in complete harmony with the law of the State. All persons doing business on the recognized Sabbath day leaves themselves liable under law of the State, and good citizenship should appeal to their better judgment to place themselves in harmony with it. The preacher here read the law as follows: "Whoever disturbs the peace and good order of society by labor (works of necessity and charity excepted) or by any amusement or diversion on Sunday, shall be fined not exceeding twenty-five dollars."

This law is the crystallized sentiment of the great "Commonwealth of Illinois." It is humiliating to find the law openly and constantly violated. When good citizens in other regards find themselves out of harmony with the law the knowledge of the fact should be all that would be required to right themselves immediately. There is nothing arbitrary or unreasonable in such a conclusion. It is in hearty accord with our highest sense of justice and right. It frequently becomes necessary however for cities and villages to emphasize law by a special ordinance. A common council could not pass an ordinance giving people the power to do business on the Sabbath, for that would be in conflict with the State, but it has the power to pass an ordinance in harmony with the State law, hence it is within the power of the council to pass an ordinance closing business places on the Sabbath and enforcing it by the power vested in it. The supreme court of the State has expressed itself fully on this subject as follows: "This was a suit to recover from the defendant, who was engaged in the business of vending goods and wares in the village of Chabane, a penalty for keeping open his place of business in said village on Sunday for the purpose above mentioned. In the County Court a demurrer was sustained to the declaration, and judgement was given for the defendant. On appeal to the Appellate Court for the Second District the judgement was reversed and an appeal taken to this court. The only point made for the reversal of the judgement of the Appellate Court is, that the village had no power to pass the ordinance in question."

Aside from the religious aspect, the appointment of the Sabbath merely as a day of rest from labor, stands recommended as a valuable institution of State policy. We do not admit that the keeping open of the stores in a village on Sunday is allowed under the statute, that it would not disturb the peace and good order of society. Sunday as it is observed by common usage is not only set apart as a day of rest from labor, but it is devoted to religious worship. The consecration of the day to its wanted manner of observance, is a blessing to mankind. Besides the recuperative effect referred to, it has its other beneficent uses. It affords opportunity for moral, intellectual and social culture; it is promotive of good habits, and tends to improve the manners of men; it is civilizing and refining in all its influences. Whatever detracts from the observance of the day, as it is customarily observed, is not to be countenanced.

The keeping open by persons of their places of business in a community on Sunday, for the exercise of their ordinary callings, is a public and serious interference with the observance of the day in its mode of observance. It is obstructive of the purpose for which the day is set apart. It is offensive to the moral sense of the community. It disturbs the peace of society in its open interference with the peace and quiet of the day, devoted as a day of rest and for religious worship. It disturbs the good order of society, publicly and flauntingly, and in defiance of public sentiment desecrating a day and inviting others to its desecration set apart for purposes of the highest well being of human society, hence the entire harmony of the ordinance with the statute. As a public regulation in the interests of good order and well being of the community, the ordinance, in our opinion, finds justification." (Freemans' Ill. Reports, Vol. 114, page 46. Opinion of the Supreme Court, delivered by Mr. Justice Sheldon, filed at Ottawa May 15, 1885. McPherson vs. Village of Chabane.)

Such an opinion cannot be set aside. It stands as an able exposition and defense of the Sabbath and its observance. All good citizens therefore should respect the law and such a clear and well grounded opinion by the highest authority of the state, should call a halt to every individual in conflict with it.

There is no fair minded man who would want business men to loose legal and proper trade, but all fair minded men would want all business men to so conduct their business as not to conflict with the law.

If the business men as a whole should enter into an honorable compact to close all their places of business, no trade would be lost for it would wait until another day just as well, and people would soon understand that if they wanted to make purchases they would have to wait until another time. There are some people who claim that it is necessary for the public good to have certain places open, and that it is impossible to have otherwise. What are those places? Here the speaker handled drug stores, restaurants, clothing houses, etc., where business is carried on. He showed that if drug stores had to be kept open on account of medicines for the sick, it was all right, but that medicines only came within the law of necessity and that trade of any other kind was a violation of law. He suggested that a union might be formed among druggists in a town of this size so that only one store should be kept open on Sunday and that for prescriptions or medicines only, and by the law of rotation each would come in in turn for trade, and the druggists or their employees could spend the Sabbath with their families or going to worship. In regard to restaurants, he said it was proper for them to keep open at meal time, but unlawful at other times, and that trade should be limited to things that are furnished for boarding purposes. There is no necessity for clothing houses or other kinds of business to be open on the Sabbath. Trade will keep until Monday if they all close and keep closed. Why should not druggists and the keepers of restaurants and clothing men and others have one day in seven to rest? They owe a duty to themselves and their families and the community to cease business and rest from their labors.

There should be an awakening of public sentiment on this subject and our city council should at once place themselves in harmony with the law of State and close up the marts of trade that are open on the Sabbath day. The Sabbath is also grounded in man's physical nature. It is designed by God to be a day of rest. If man was a mere animal the Sabbath is needed. This is substantiated by scientific testimony. It is also grounded in the authority of God. Remember the Sabbath day and keep it holy, is the law of God. It has equal authority with the commands against profanity, murder, stealing or adultery.

The use of the Sabbath also engages our attention. It must not be a day of pleasure. Selfish plans and purposes we must forgo. Read the text. We may use the Sabbath for worship and for the performance of those deeds of mercy and helpfulness to others. This is exemplified in the life of Christ. The battle of the Sabbath is here. We shall soon have Europe's representatives at our great exposition. Shall we show them that we are willing to exchange the American Sabbath for the European? By all means no. Then let us as American citizens properly recognize the day and preserve it from all encroachments, for it has been a blessing to our civilization and has caused our nation "to ride on the high plane of the earth."

The Rev. Granger took for his text yesterday. St. Mark viii. v. 9, last clause. "He sent them away." These words were recorded in connection with the wording of many miracles by our Lord, and point to us the great crowds that at that passover season followed our Lord for three days listening to the wholesome words that fell from His lips, all unmindful of their physical necessities. They were accustomed to an out-door life, to having with them small quantities of food, and at such a time would be particularly open to those temptations of Satan calculated to deprive themselves of the great good they had been receiving at the hands of Jesus. At this juncture, He, taking notice of the situation, provides for their wants and then sends them away to their homes. The best thought suggested by the text is that He satisfied their physical needs before dismissing them. "They did eat and were filled." They had abundance, witness the fragments remaining. This act emphasizes the worth of the physical, the relations of body and mind, and was in every sense a humane act. Being humane and done by Christ, and in a Christ like spirit, it is more than humane; it is Christian like in tone and character.

Thus are we to view the work similar in kind of individuals or of societies from the higher rather than the lower standpoint of mere morality. Second, before He sent the multitudes away He taught His disciples that "He" was equal to every emergency. They went away in the ship with Him, convinced that doubts as to His ability were out of place. They might attack and enter the mind; they were not to be cherished. We say, "Is God equal to the emergency?" Analyze this and it convinces us that we are doubting God. We are to obey the general law of earning our bread in the sweat of the brow. That the same God is able to help us in every difficulty; remove obstacles and make the way plain. Cultivate faith in His ability to help you in your need, and you have a leverage up on life of tremendous strength.

### **ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.**

The Rev. Granger took for his text yesterday. St. Mark viii. v. 9, last clause. "He sent them away."

These words were recorded in connection with the wording of many miracles by our Lord, and point to us the great crowds that at that passover season followed our Lord for three days listening to the wholesome words that fell from His lips, all unmindful of their physical necessities. They were accustomed to an out-door life, to having with them small quantities of food, and at such a time would be particularly open to those temptations of Satan calculated to deprive themselves of the great good they had been receiving at the hands of Jesus. At this juncture, He, taking notice of the situation, provides for their wants and then sends them away to their homes. The best thought suggested by the text is that He satisfied their physical needs before dismissing them. "They did eat and were filled." They had abundance, witness the fragments remaining. This act emphasizes the worth of the physical, the relations of body and mind, and was in every sense a humane act. Being humane and done by Christ, and in a Christ like spirit, it is more than humane; it is Christian like in tone and character.

Thus are we to view the work similar in kind of individuals or of societies from the higher rather than the lower standpoint of mere morality. Second, before He sent the multitudes away He taught His disciples that "He" was equal to every emergency. They went away in the ship with Him, convinced that doubts as to His ability were out of place. They might attack and enter the mind; they were not to be cherished. We say, "Is God equal to the emergency?" Analyze this and it convinces us that we are doubting God. We are to obey the general law of earning our bread in the sweat of the brow. That the same God is able to help us in every difficulty; remove obstacles and make the way plain. Cultivate faith in His ability to help you in your need, and you have a leverage up on life of tremendous strength.

Third, the text makes it plain that the multitudes went away with the fact of a miracle impressed upon their minds. "Are miracles possible now?" Yes, if God be God. Care is needed in their acceptance. They will not be frequent; but to deny their possibility and their actuality is to lower God in the estimation of the creatures of His hand. Cultivate faith in God in the full, large and intense aspect of that truth.

Too Big for the Door. Every man has a hobby and Judge Pratt has his. Strange to say, he imagines that he is something of a carpenter and would sooner saw wood—not in the metaphorical sense, however—than grapple with the mysteries of the law. Once upon a time he undertook to build a boat. It was a good boat, stanch and trim. But there was one trouble with it. It could not be launched without pulling down the house in which it was built.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### **TO ADVERTISERS.**

Business men of Dixon do not forget as our advertising shows, that THE TELEGRAPH goes into nearly every family in Dixon. This fact we can demonstrate, and the dozen carrier boys every night are living, lively evidence of this fact.

Are You Interested. The following frank statement from J. E. Hare, of Trenton, Texas, will be of interest to many of our citizens. "My little boy was very bad off for two months with diarrhea. We used various medicines, also called in two Doctors, but nothing done him any good until we used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave immediate relief and soon cured him. I consider it the best medicine made and can conscientiously recommend it to all who need a diarrhoea or colic medicine." For sale by H. E. Donaldson, Druggist.

We cannot afford to deceive you. Confidence is begotten by honesty. De Witt's Little Early Risers are pills that will cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by D. S. Horton.

NEW GOODS! M. Cahill has a new line of goods, both cheap and expensive. Latest patterns in fancy vest goods. 17631st No. 9 Main st.

You never tried De Witt's Little Early Risers for constipation, biliousness, sick headache or you would not have these diseases. Sold by D. S. Horton.

PAPERING AND PAINTING: Charles McBride will do all kinds of carriage painting, papering, painting and decorating in good style.

Perfect action and perfect health result from the use of De Witt's Little Early Risers, a perfect little pill. Sold by D. S. Horton.

M. Nerve and Liver Pills Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. D. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unparalleled for men, women, and children. Smallest, mildest, surest! 50 doses, 25 cts. Samples Free, at Tilton & Hayden's Dixon, Illinois.

Choice Reserved Seats for 25c, 50c, 75c. Com. July 5th. The Great Spectacular Romantic Play, and Every Night, with Matinee. "The Soudan." A wonderful play.—Joseph W. Jefferson. "It is the best all-round play I have ever seen."—W. J. Florence.

Remember we make a specialty of Prescriptions at

DRUGGIST NO. 12, FIRST STREET.

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would have to wait about an hour, Mayor Packson being secretary of the society and the meeting being held in the Council Chamber.

The foolish Packson, instead of waiting in the hall, went to the nearest liquor store and basted in several glasses of "forty rod," so that when he was admitted to the presence of the Mayor and the Council the former instantly detected his breath across the room. Packson feebly tried to speak. "Your Honor," he ventured, "I hold in my hand—I er—may it please your—" "Ladies," interrupted the Mayor, "I know this man, and we don't need to listen to him. I don't know what he holds in his hand now, but I do know that he has recently been holding glasses of rum in his hand. I direct Officer Hankins to remove the fellow and prefer a charge of drunkenness against him." Officer Hankins did as he was directed and took the crushed and humiliated Packson away, while the Mayor prepared another warning to the liquor-dealers so vigorously worded that they became frightened and closed their places of business. The price of real estate is said to be going up in Kiowa and business is prospering.

### **From the Sterling Gazette.**

The death of Hannibal Hamlin leaves no ex-Vice President of the United States living.

Two picnic wagons, containing a hen party of fifteen Dixonites, drove around our city last evening to see what a really good city looked like. They saw it.

An attempted suicide is reported from the west end. The misled person was a woman who resorted to a dose of rough on rats, but the speedy presence of a physician saved her life.

### **A Stage Gag.**

When Mrs. Keeley played in "Genevieve" she introduced a gag which has gone all around the world of the stage, and will continue in its course. Mrs. Keeley was playing a boy's part, and wore trousers. Taken before the judge in the play and examined, the official asks in sternest language, "Now, then, where are your accomplices?" To which Mrs. Keeley answered, "I don't wear any. They keep up without." Mrs. Keeley used to say, "Those lines made a wonderful hit, and after a few nights it was superfluous for me to answer the question. The audience did it for me."—San Francisco Argonaut.

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Remember we make a specialty of Prescriptions at

DRUGGIST NO. 12, FIRST STREET.

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### **Timely Advice.**

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a reliable remedy for bowel complaints. It is almost certain to be needed, and no family can afford to be without it. It costs but a trifle and may be the means of saving much suffering, if not life. There are many different remedies in use, but Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is undoubtedly the best. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by H. E. Donaldson, Druggist.

Guaranteed free from Verdigris or other impurity, containing the rich properties of malt, Chase's Barley Malt Whisky builds up the system and strengthens the lungs. Chas. Plain Sole agent for Dixon.

## **Geo. E. Somarindyeck.**

## **NEWS DEALER AND STATIONER**

## **Geo. E. Somarindyeck,**

155 Calena Avenue.

## **ICE CREAM AND FRUITS!**

In All Quantities, delivered to

ANY : PART : OF : THE : CITY !

**S. E. DEETER,**  
 17 Main Street.

## **C. A. Ballou,** **Dry Goods,**

No. 5, First Street.

## **Will You Buy a Lot** **Maple Park**

Now is the time to buy for I MEAN BUSINESS.

Monthly Payments, or on Terms To Suit Purchaser.

**JOHN M. JULIEN,**  
 Or J. H. CLARK.

## **McVICKER'S NEW THEATRE,**

Choice Reserved Seats for 25c, 50c, 75c. Com. July 5th. The Great Spectacular Romantic Play, and Every Night, with Matinee. "The Soudan." A wonderful play.—Joseph W. Jefferson. "It is the best all-round play I have ever seen."—W. J. Florence.

## **BRUBAKER & CARPENTER'S**

### **SPECIAL SALE**

## **PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS!**

Bought Direct from the Manufacture.

Special Low Prices in Muslin Underwear and Aprons. A splendid assortment just received of Hermsdorf and Gloria FAST BLACK HOSE !

## **New Invoice On Mattings and Smyrna Rugs !**

1350 Yards of Mattings sold by us since April 15th.

## **Carpets Going Fast Come and See Them**

NO. 152 GALENA STREET.

## **A Few Items FOR ECONOMICAL BUYERS**

Ladies' Blouse Waist at \$1 and \$1.35.  
 Ladies' Black Hose, seamless, fast black at 19c.  
 Ladies' Gauze vest, good ones, at 9c.  
 Children's Bonnets and Hats at greatly reduced prices.  
 White Mull Ties, Fans, Silk Mitts.

We have just received an elegant case of standard jewelry and wish to have you call and examine. Agents for Standard Patterns.

## **HESS & ANTOINE,** **52 MAIN STREET.**

## **GREAT DISCOUNT SALE !**

## **BEE HIVE BEE HIVE**

No. 158 Calena Avenue.

As the dull season is on, the average merchant is resting on his oars. But such a thing cannot be tolerated at the Bee Hive Store. Things must be moving, we will relieve that dull feeling in trade circles by inaugurating our mid-summer clearing sale; this will continue only during the month of July. The prices were already low in the different departments. We have made another cut and we direct your attention to the large discount which will be made during this month. Prices were low before, they are lower now. We will give 10 per cent off on all the goods we sell only during the month of July. You will save money by calling

## **AT THE BEE HIVE,** 158 GALENA AVENUE

## **T** Our Tea Sales are large because our teas give Satisfaction.

Try Our 25 cent Tea. Our 35 cent Tea is a Good one

Just received a choice New Tea which we make a price on at 50 cents; other parties get 60 cents for no better Tea.

## **J. F. WALTER** PROPRIETOR. Walter Bro's Grocers. NO. 56 WEST MAIN STREET.

## **VISIT** **DONALDSON,**

The Druggist,  
 For the coldest and best Soda Water. The Crushed Fruit, the Whipped Cream and Wild Cherry Phosphate are the leaders.

Don't throw your old Furniture away when you can make it look like new by using Varnish.

Remember we make a specialty of Prescriptions at

## **DONALDSON'S.**

DRUGGIST NO. 12, FIRST STREET.